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What is claimed is:

1. A method of restoring a video, comprising the steps of: identifying whether a scene on an image sequence is changed; detecting whether a 3:2 pull-down mode exists in the image sequence; generating a first interpolated frame by interleaving a field to be interpolated and adjacent fields each other when there is the 3:2 pull-down mode;

generating a second interpolated frame by de-interlacing the field to be interpolated and the adjacent fields each other when there is not the 3:2 pull-down mode; and

outputting one of the first and second interpolated frames selectively.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of identifying whether a scene on an image sequence is changed is carried out by detecting motions between the adjacent fields.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the first interpolated frame is outputted when the 3:2 pull-down mode exists and the second interpolated frame is outputted when the 3:2 pull-down mode does not exist.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the field to be interpolated is a current field, and wherein the adjacent fields are previous field and future field.

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- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the 3:2 pull-down mode is detected by comparing a motion count value between the previous and future fields to a predetermined threshold value.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the motion count value is attained by counting a portion, where a motion between the previous and future fields is detected, over an entire screen.
- 7. The method of claim 1, the step of detecting whether a 3:2 pull-down mode exists, comprising the steps of:

identifying whether the current field is equal to the previous field by analyzing a video input signal and outputting a corresponding identification signal;

ANDing the identification signal with an output signal of a multiplexer;

outputting a first control signal for controlling an operation of the multiplexer in accordance with a field of the video input signal;

recording an ANDing value in order by receiving the first control signal; selecting the recorded value in order in accordance with the first control signal;

identifying whether the recorded value is equal to a recorded value of a previous sequence;

counting a number of occurrence that the recorded value is equal to that of the previous sequence;

comparing the counted value to the predetermined threshold value; and

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outputting a second control signal by referring to the comparison result and a scene transition detecting signal.

8. An apparatus for restoring a video, comprising:

a scene transition detecting unit outputting a scene transition detecting signal by detecting a motion of image from field data;

a 3:2 pull-down mode detecting unit detecting whether a 3:2 pull-down mode exists in the field data and outputting a first control signal on the basis of a corresponding detection result and the scene transition detecting signal;

a field interleaver generating a first interpolated frame by interleaving the field data by receiving the first control signal when the 3:2 pull-down mode is detected;

a de-interlacer generating a second interpolated frame by de-interlacing the field data in accordance with the first control signal when the 3:2 pull-down mode is not detected; and

a multiplexer selecting to output the first or second interpolated frame in accordance with the first control signal.

- 9. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the multiplexer selects to output the first interpolated frame when the 3:2 pull-down mode is detected and the second interpolated frame when the 3:2 pull-down mode is not detected.
- 10. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the field data are outputted from a field data providing unit including a plurality of field memories.

12. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the field data are image data of a current field, previous fields, and an future field.

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- 13. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the scene transition detecting signal is outputted when a scene on an image sequence is changed.
- 14. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the 3:2 pull-down mode detecting unit detects the 3:2 pull-down mode by comparing a motion count value between the previous and future fields to a predetermined threshold value.
- 15. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the motion count value is attained by counting a portion, where a motion between the previous and future fields is detected, over an entire screen.
- 16. The apparatus of claim 8, the 3:2 pull-down mode detecting unit 20 including:

a same field identifier identifying whether the current field is equal to the previous field by analyzing a video input signal and outputting a corresponding identification signal;

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an AND gate ANDing the identification signal with an output signal of the multiplexer;

a first counter outputting a second control signal so as to control a selective operation of the multiplexer;

field flags storing an output value of the AND gate in order by receiving the second control signal;

the miltiplexer selecting output signals of the field flags in order in accordance with the second control signal and supplying the AND gate with the selected output signals;

a sequence identifying unit identifying whether a value recorded in the field flags is equal to a value recorded in the previous image sequence;

a second counter counting the number that the sequence identifying unit identifies the same;

a comparator comparing a count value of the second counter to a predetermined threshold value; and

a field interleaving controller outputting the first control signal by referring to a comparison result of the comparator and the scene transition detecting signal.

17. A method of restoring a video, comprising the steps of:

identifying whether a scene on an image sequence is changed by receiving consecutive field data and by detecting a quantity of a motion between adjacent fields:

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detecting whether a 3:2 pull-down mode exists in the field data and generating a first interpolated frame by interleaving the field data on the basis of a corresponding detection result and a corresponding scene transition result;

generating a second interpolated frame by de-interlacing the field data if a sequence outputted by consecutively detecting the 3:2 pull-down mode for each field is zero, the field to be interpolated is interleaved with a field having no relation with each other, or none of previously set-up output sequences is detected; and outputting one of the first and second interpolated frames selectively.

- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the field data are image data of a current field, previous fields, and a future field.
- 19. The method of claim 17, the step of identifying whether a scene on an image sequence is changed, comprising the steps of:

counting a part, where a motion between the current and previous fields is detected, over an entire screen;

counting a part, where a motion between the current and future fields is detected, over the entire screen; and

identifying whether the scene is changed by comparing the motion count values each other.

20. The method of claim 17, wherein the previously set-up sequence includes "10000", "01000", "00100", "00010", and "00001".